# 3.2 Installer Account Registering

• Create the first installer account. This will also generate a domain that is named after the company name.



## 3.2 Setup Wizard









# 3.3 Checking the Device Status

## Checking the Device Status Using Device Commissioning



Grid

08 Plant lavou

HUAWEI

# 3.4 Physical Layout Design on the FusionSolar App (Optional, for Scenarios with Optimizers)

Step 1. Check that the SN labels of the Smart PV Optimizers have been attached to the Huawei physical lavout template.



#### Step 2. Check that the Smart PV Optimizers are successfully searched.

19

-

1. Open the **FusionSolar** app, log in to intl.fusionsolar.huawei.c om using the installer account, choose **My** > Device commissioning, and connect to the WLAN hotspot of the solar inverter. 2. Select installer and enter the login

password.

5



#### **Template Photographing Requirements**

- Place the template on a flat surface and take a photo horizontally.
- Ensure that the four positioning points are within the range shown in the picture.
- Ensure that the QR code is attached in the box and does not exceed the frame.
- Ensure that the QR code is clear without reflection or shadow. Otherwise, the recognition accuracy will decrease.
- If the QR code cannot be identified, you can manually bind the SN.



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## **Physical Layout FAQs**

Scenario	Suggestion	
Before the physical layout is generated, the Identification result contains an abnormal optimizer.	Check whether the networking is successful.	
Before the physical layout is generated, the number of optimizers in the Identification result is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Take photos again as required.</li> <li>If some QR codes fail to be identified, manually bind QR codes after the layout diagram is generated.</li> </ol>	
Before the physical layout is generated, the number of pure PV module in the Identification result is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check whether the dotted box in the corresponding box is painted black as required.</li> <li>Take photos again as required.</li> <li>If some pure components fail to be identified, manually repaint them after the layout diagram is generated.</li> </ol>	
The physical layout has been generated, but some QR codes fail to be identified. The QR codes that are not identified are incorrectly identified as pure PV module.	Manually select unidentified QR code and bind it to PV module	
The physical layout has been generated. Most QR codes fail to be identified. The QR code is incorrectly identified as a pure PV module.	Delete the generated physical layout and take a photo as required.	
The physical layout has been generated, but the pure PV module is not identified.	Manually add pure PV module.	
The physical layout has been generated, but some templates are not identified.	In the generated physical layout, click image identification to identify the missing templates.	

If the system requires a change, for example, adding, deleting, or replacing an optimizer, adjusting the physical position of an optimizer, or adjusting PV strings, power off the inverter, wait for 5 minutes, and then perform the change operation. After the system is changed, you must perform the quick settings or optimizer search again and update the physical layout diagram. Otherwise, problems such as missing optimizers, failure to locate optimizer faults, or system faults may occur.



# 3.5 Physical Layout Design on the FusionSolar WebUI (Optional, for Scenarios with Optimizers)

Log in to the https://intl.fusionsolar.huawei.com as installer user.





6. If some QR codes are not recognized, manually bind the optimizers.

## Physical Layout







#### (Optional) Manual configuration of physical layout diagram.

1. Drag the PV module to the physical layout area, increase the number of widgets, and adjust the angle based on the site requirements.









# 3.6 Power Adjustment



# 3.7 Grid-tied Point Control

<	C SUN2000-XXXX-XX OFF : communication interrupted •		
I	Communication status No communications component	Connection failed	
	Active power 0.000(xw)	Energy yield of current day 0.00(kv/h)	
	Monthly Energy Yield 0.00(kwh)	Total	
	L. Alarm management	Quick settings	
	Device Monitoring	Maintenance	
	کی Settings	Tit       Power adjustment	

Power adjustment	
Active power control	>
Reactive power control	>
Grid-tied point control	>
Ener rage control	>

of the PV power system to ensure that the output power is within the specified range.

#### Power factor closed-loop control

<	Reactive power
Control mode	$_{ m Closed-loop}$ control
Target power fac	or 1.000 >
Reactive power adjustment perio	2.0 s >
Reactive power adjustment dead	oand 0.005 >
Fail-safe power fa	ctor 1.000 >
Communication of fail-safe	isconnection
	*

<	Grid-tied point control
Active	power
Reacti	ve power

Limit or reduce the output power

## Grid connection with zero power

< Active power		
For a single inverter, set Clos Inverter.	sed-loop controller to	
Control mode	Grid connected with zero power	~
Closed-loop controller	Inverter	~
Limitation mode	Total power	~
Power adjustment period	0.5 s	>
Power control hysteresis	0.050 kW	>
Active power output limit for fail-safe	0.0 %	>
Communication disconnection fail-safe	0	

< Active power		
For a single inverter, set Clos Inverter.	sed-loop controller to	
Control mode	Power-limited grid connected(%)	
Closed-loop controller	Unlimited	
Limitation mode	Grid connected with zero power	
PV plant capacity	Power-limited grid connected ( kW )	
Maximum grid feed-in powe	Power-limited grid	
*	connected (%)	

## **Export limitation**

< А	ctive power	
For a single inverter, set Closed-loop controller to Inverter.		
Control mode	Power-limited grid $\sim$ connected ( kW )	
Closed-loop controller	Inverter $\checkmark$	
Limitation mode	Total power 🗸	
Maximum grid feed-in power	4.990 kW >	
	*	



## Grid connection with zero power (single-phase)

< Active power		
For a single inverter, set Close Inverter.	ed-loop controller	to
Control mode	Grid connected with zero power	$\sim$
Closed-loop controller	SDongle/ SmartLogger	$\sim$
Limitation mode	Total power	$\sim$
Power adjustment period	1.0	s
Maximum protection time	5.0	s
Power control hysteresis	0.100	kW
Active power output limit for fail-safe	0.0	%
Communication disconnection fail-safe		

Collapse



Inverter output	3 kW
Load consumption	3 kW
Output	0
Input	0

Inverter output	5 kW
Load consumption	6 kW
Output	0
Input	1 kW



# Grid connection with zero power (three-phase)





# 3.8 Energy Storage Control (L1 inverter + LG battery)

#### **Battery parameters**

You can choose **Maintenance** > **Add/Remove device** > **Battery** on the home screen to set the full discharging capacity.

#### Battery

#### View inverter RS485 communication parameters

Ensure that the RS485 communication parameters of batteries match those of the inverter. Otherwise, the communication fails.

#### Installation guide

Battery model	LG-RESU	
Maximum charge power		
Maximum discharge power		
End-of-charge capacity		
End-of-discharge capacity		
*		
Ensure that the open-circuit voltage of each PV string		

Ensure that the open-circuit voltage of each PV string is no more than 495 V. Otherwise, the circuit breaker of batteries trips due to overvoltage and batteries cannot be used.

Submit

#### **Control mode**

Choose **Power adjustment** > **Energy storage control** > **Control mode** and perform operations as required.

 If this parameter is set to Fixed charge/discharge, the battery is charging or discharging during the configured period. A maximum of 10 time periods can be added.

<		Cor	ntrol mode	
Control mode		Fixed charge/discharge $~~$		
No.	Start time	End date	Charging discharge	Charge/Discharge power(kW)
1	08:00	10:00	Discharge power	1.500
2	10:00	16:00	Charge power	2.000
3	16:00	22:00	Discharge power	1.500
4	22:00	22:00	Charge power	0.000
+			Su	ıbmit

• If this parameter is set to **Maximum selfconsumption** and the inverter is connected to a power meter, the inverter provides output power for local loads before feeding the remaining power to the power grid.

<	Control mode	
Control mode	Maximum self-consumption	$\vee$

• If this parameter is set to **Time-of-use**, the battery is discharged when the electricity price is high and charged when the electricity price is low. A maximum of 10 time periods can be added.

### Charge from grid

Choose **Power adjustment** > **Energy storage control** > **Charge from grid**. After **Charge from grid** is enabled:

- When the battery capacity is 2% lower than the **End-of-discharge capacity**, the system forcibly charges batteries from the power grid. The charging power is limited to 1 kW. When the battery capacity is 2% higher than **End-of-discharge capacity**, the system stops charging batteries from the power grid.

- Except the **Maximum self-consumption** control mode, if the PV power is less than the preset charge power, the system charges batteries from the power grid. The charge power is limited to 2 kW. When the battery capacity is higher than **Grid charge cutoff SOC**, the system stops charging batteries from the power grid.

<	Battery control	
Control mode		>
Forced charge/discl	harge	>
Charge from grid		
Grid charge cutoff \$	SOC	30.0 % >

< Control mode					
Control	l mode	Time-c	$\sim$		
No.	Start time	End date	Electric	ity price	
1	00:00	00:00	0.000	Ŵ	
2	00:00	00:00	0.000	Î	
3	00:00	00:00	0.000	Ŵ	
4	00:00	00:00	0.000	<b>İ</b>	
	+		Submit		

#### Forced charge/discharge Choose Power adjustment > Energy storage control > Forced charge/discharge.

< For	ced charge/dischar	rge
Charge/Discharge	Charge	Ý
Forced charge/ discharge power	0.000	kW
Forced charge/ discharge time	0	min
	Submit	





# 3.9 AFCI

## Description

If PV modules or cables are incorrectly connected or damaged, electric arcs may be generated, which may cause fire. Huawei inverters provide unique arc detection in compliance with UL1699B-2018 to ensure the safety of users' lives and property. This function is enabled by default. The inverter automatically detects arc faults. To disable this function, log in to the FusionSolar app, enter the **Device commissioning** screen, choose **Settings** > **Feature parameters**, and disable **AFCI**.



## **Clearing alarms**

The AFCI function involves the DC arc fault alarm.

The inverter has the AFCI alarm automatic clearance mechanism. If an alarm is triggered for less than five times within 24 hours, the inverter automatically clears the alarm. If the alarm is triggered for more than five times within 24 hours, the inverter locks for protection. You need to manually clear the alarm on the inverter so that it can work properly. Log in to the FusionSolar app and choose **My** > **Device commissioning**. On the **Device commissioning** screen, connect and log in to the inverter that generates the AFCI alarm, tap Alarm management, and tap Clear on the right of the DC arc fault alarm to clear the alarm.





# 3.10 DRM (Australia AS4777)

According to Australia AS4777.2-2015, the inverter must meet the requirements of the Demand Response Mode (DRM) function, where DRM0 is mandatory. This function is disabled by default.



The Demand Response Enabling Device (DRED) is a power grid dispatching device.



Mode	Port on the Inverter	Required Or Not
DRM0	DI1 and GND of the COM port	<ul> <li>When S0 and S9 are switched on, the inverter should be shut down.</li> <li>When S0 is switched off and S9 is switched on, the inverter should be connected to the power grid.</li> </ul>

< Settings		Feature parameters	3
B Grid parameters	>	Soft start/boot time	
Protection parameters	1>	AFCI	0
Seature parameters	>	Soft start time after grid failure	
Power adjustment	>	Night-time hibernation	0
Time setting	>	Delay upgrade	0
1 Communication configuration	>	Duration for determining short-time grid disconnection	
· -		TCP heartbeat interval	
		TCP frame length	
		Heartbeat period at application layer	2
		DRM	

